

# *Session Types without Sophistry*

System Description

in MetaOCaml



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# Introduction: <session>

A DSL for service orchestration embedded in OCaml

- Multiple bidirectional communication channels
- Internal and external choices
- Recursion
- Delegation

Static assurances: well-session-typed programs "do not go wrong"

- Don't attempt to both read from or both write to a channel
- Obey protocol
- Don't use a closed or delegated away channel

(Deadlock-freedom is not guaranteed, for binary session types)

# How do we differ?

## State of the art

- Links language
- Embedded DSLs
  - Types are rather convoluted (still fun, but...)
  - Error messages are hard to analyse
  - Much like C++ template metaprogramming / Turing Machine programming

## A new method for embedding DSL with a sophisticated type system

- No type-level programming
- Maintaining static guarantees
- Detailed, understandable and customisable error messages

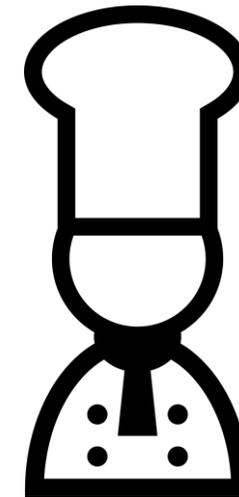
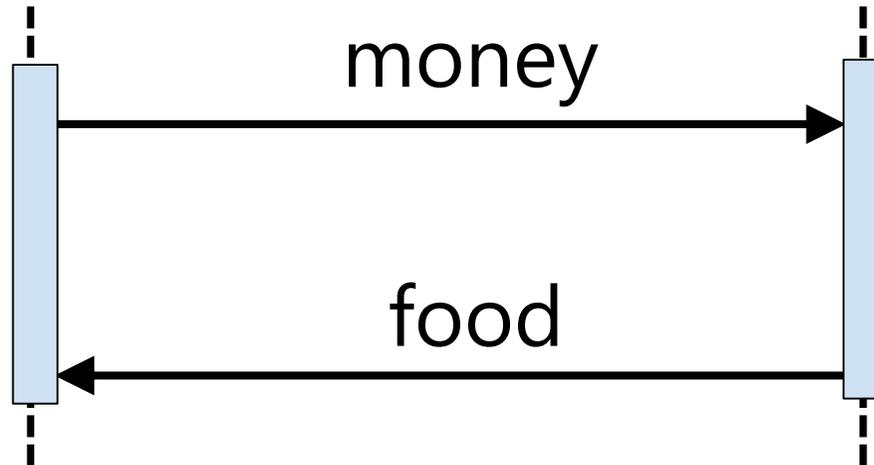
# Session Types in 3 minutes

! money; ? food

**Dual**

? money; ! food

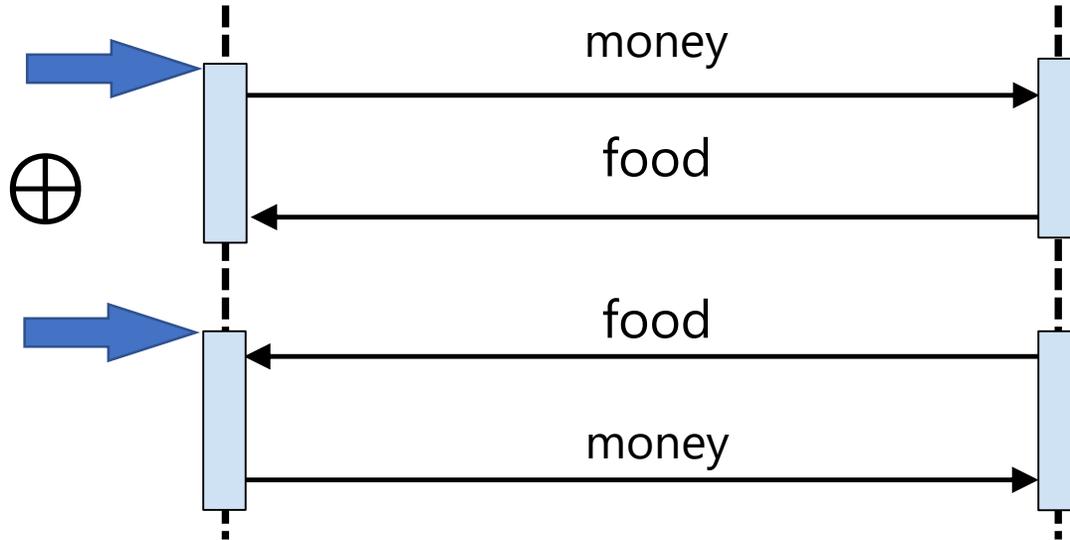
(peers doing reciprocal actions)



# Session Types in 3 minutes

$\oplus$ {take\_away: ! money; ? food,  
eat\_in: ? food; ! money}

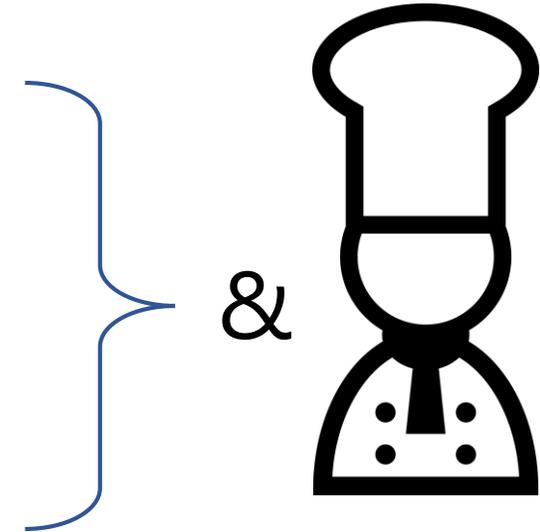
$\oplus$  ... internal choice



(Proactively choose branch)

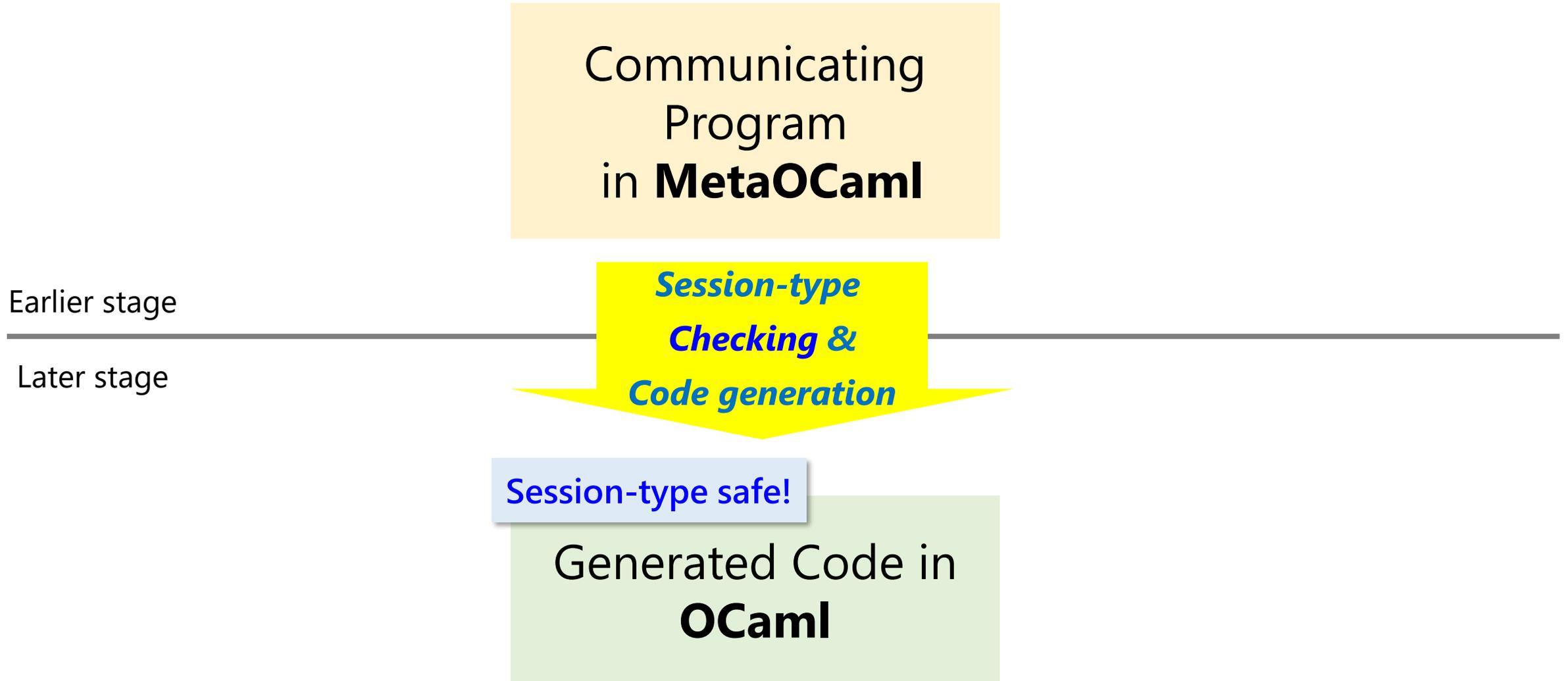
$\&$ {take\_away: ? money; ! food,  
eat\_in: ! food; ? money}

$\&$  ... external choice



(Passively wait for a choice)

# Workflow of <sessions>



# Type-directed programming with <sessions>!

*An integer comparator server of type  $?int. ?int. !bool$*

```
let sh = new_unix_pipe "cmp"
let compare_server =
  accept sh (fun fd ->
    recv fd Int (fun x ->
      recv fd Int (fun y ->
        send fd Bool .< .~x > .~y >.
        finish)))
```

1. Establish a connection
2. Write communication using combinators (**recv/send**)

# Type-directed programming with <sessions>!

*An integer comparator server of type ?int. ?int. !bool*

```
let sh = new_unix_pipe "cmp"
let compare_server =
  accept sh @@ fun fd ->
  recv fd Int @@ fun x ->
  recv fd Int @@ fun y ->
  send fd Bool .< .~x > .~y >. @@
finish
```

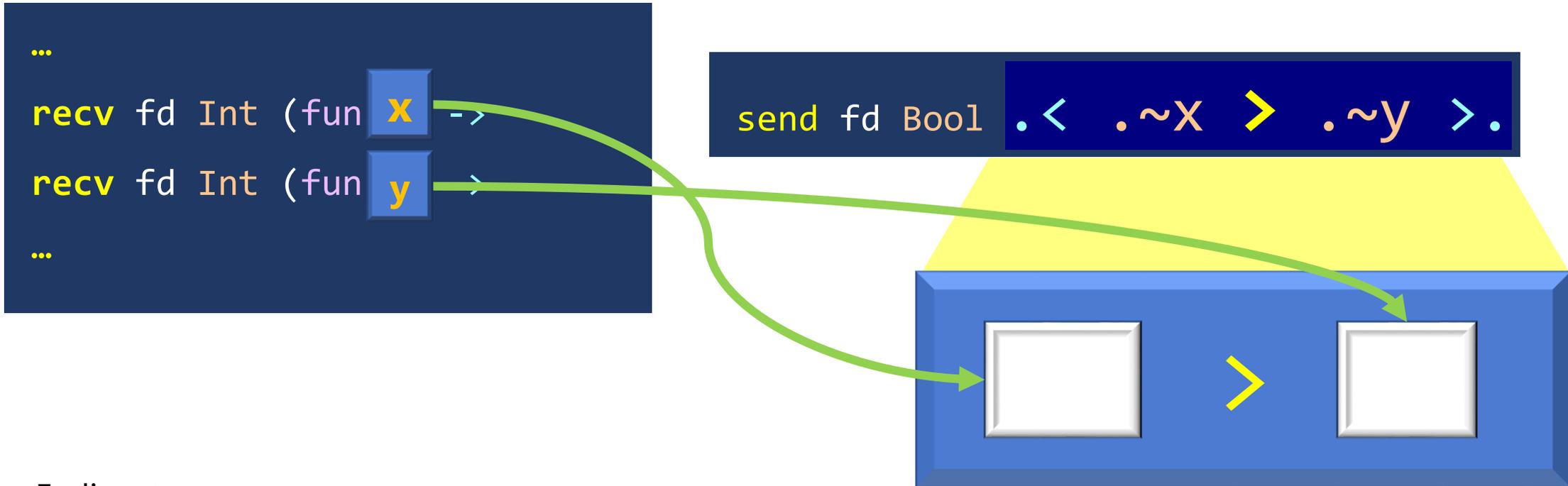
1. Establish a connection
2. Write communication using combinators (**recv/send**)

# (Session-)Type inference made simple

```
metaocaml> infer_thread cmp_server;;  
- : string = "[{sh>cmp-3: ?(int).?(int).!(bool).end}][]"
```

- Session types are in term-level, thus just printed as a string
- User-friendly session type syntax

# MetaOCaml feature: Use of quotation

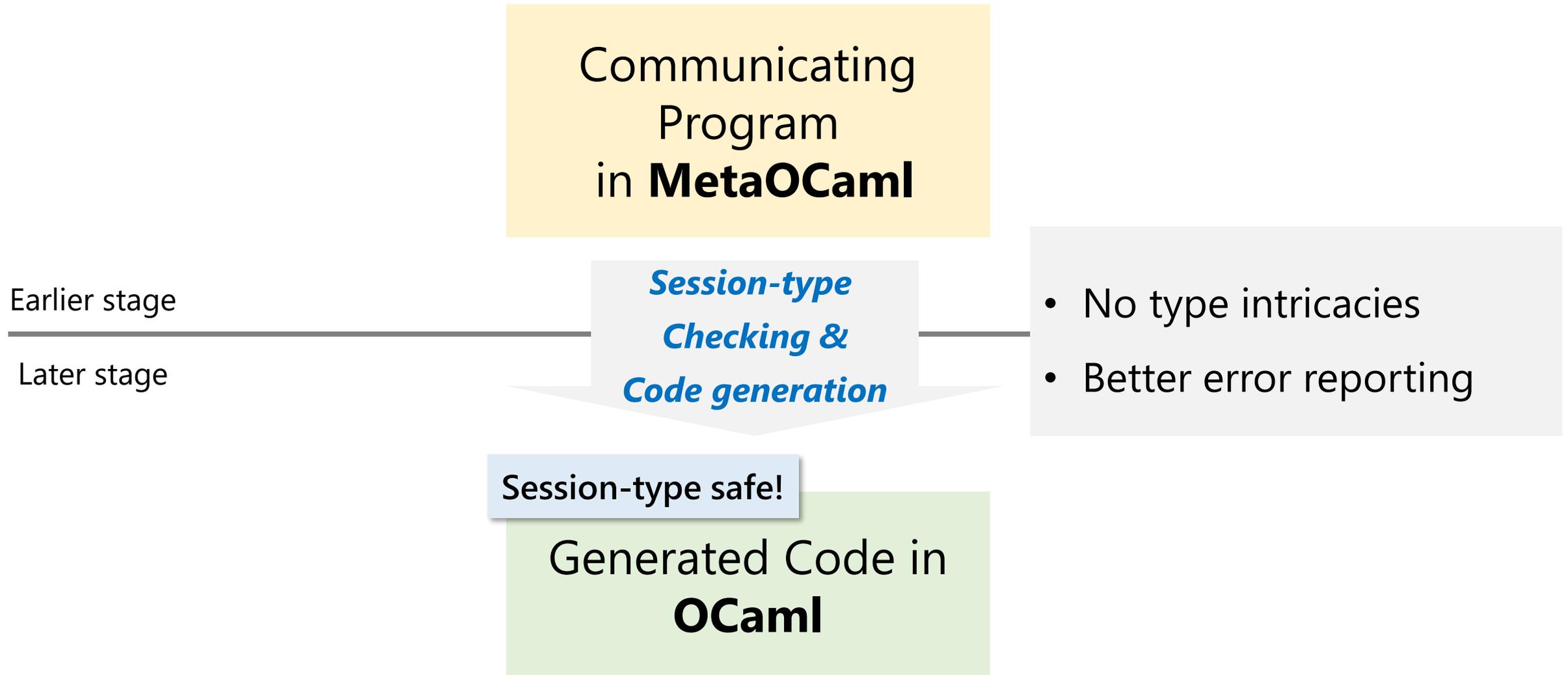


Earlier stage

Later stage

```
100 > 200
===> false
```

# Workflow of <sessions> (again)



# Catch Session Type-errors via a Stack Backtrace

*...in an 'early' stage!*

```
Comm_basic.th
32  ✓ let cmp_client =
33      request sh (fun ep ->
34          send ep Int .< 100 >. @@
35          send ep Int .< 200 >. @@
36          send ep Int .< 300 >. @@ (* oops *)
37          recv ep Bool @@ fun ans ->
38          othr .< Printf.printf "%b" .~ans >. @@
39          finish)
```

A **session-type error**:  
Reported in an **earlier stage**  
i.e. (sort-of) compile-time,  
or "preprocess"-time

```
Fatal error: exception Session Unification Error: unify_gamma: shared cmp-0:  
Error: Session types are not unifiable, caused by:
```

```
./ex_FLOPS2020.ml:28 (2-13):  
  Session: !(bool).end, and
```

```
./ex_FLOPS2020.ml:37 (4-25) (dualised):  
  Session: !(int).?(bool).end
```

Trace spots the exact location

```
Called from file "map.ml", line 408, characters 45-57  
Called from file "comm_basic.ml", line 157, characters 10-37  
Called from file "ex_FLOPS2020.ml", line 42, characters 12-46
```

# Session type errors in [Imai et al., '17]

- Reports two whole interaction-trees between peers...
  - Errors are captured at top-level
  - Type Debugger [Tsushima & Olaf, FLOPS'18] might help

In `<sessions>`, term-level debugging is sufficient

- Debugger tools are also useful (e.g. `ocamldebug`)

```
10 connect_xor_ch (fun () ->
11   send s (false,true) >>
12   recv s >>= fun b ->
13   recv s >>= fun b -> ← actual error is just here (recv duplicated)
14   print_bool b;
```

⊗ example\_journal1.ml 1 of 1 problem

```
This expression has type
  (([ `msg of
      req * (bool * bool) *
      [ `msg of resp * bool * [ `msg of resp * bool * [ `close ] ] ] ],
    req * resp)
  sess * 'a, empty * 'a, unit)
session
but an expression was expected of type
  (([ `msg of req * (bool * bool) * [ `msg of resp * bool * [ `close ] ] ],
    cli)
  sess * all_empty, all_empty, 'b)
session
These two variant types have no intersection ocaml lsp
```

# <sessions>: API type is simple enough

<sessions> [Kiselyov & Imai, 2020]:

```
val send: fd -> 'a code -> th -> th  
val recv: fd -> ('a code -> th) -> th
```

# <sessions>: API type is simple enough

<sessions> [Kiselyov & Imai, 2020]:

```
val send: fd -> 'a typ -> 'a code -> th -> th
val recv: fd -> 'a typ -> ('a code -> th) -> th
```

Note: 'a typ is for serialisation: not necessary for inter-thread communication (e.g. for OCaml multicore!)

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```

Note: 'a typ is for serialisation: not necessary for inter-thread communication (e.g. for OCaml multicore!)

**Session-OCaml** [Imai et al., 2017]:

```
val send : ((['msg of 'r1 * 'v * 'p], 'r1*'r2) sess, ('p, 'r1*'r2) sess, 'pre, 'post) lens -> 'v -> ('pre, 'post, unit) monad
```

**6 type variables** to handle duality & linearity in a static way

# Related Work: Convoluted Type Encodings, Toward Static Linearity

**Full-sessions** (in Haskell) [Imai et al., 2010]:

```
send :: (Pickup ss n (Send v a), Update ss n a ss', IsEnded ss F) => Channel t n -> v -> Session t ss ss' ()
```

6 type variables and 3 type class constraints in context

**GVinHs** (in Haskell) [Lindley & Morris, 2016]:

```
send :: DualSession s => repr tf i h t -> repr tf h o (st (t <!> s)) -> repr tf i o (st s)
```

8 type variables and a type class, (based on Wadler's GV & Polakow's linearity monad)

**Session-OCaml** [Imai et al., 2017]:

```
val send : (([`msg of 'r1 * 'v * 'p], 'r1*'r2) sess, ('p, 'r1*'r2) sess, 'pre, 'post) lens -> 'v ->  
            ('pre, 'post, unit) monad  
val recv : (([`msg of 'r2 * 'v * 'p], 'r1*'r2) sess, ('p, 'r1*'r2) sess, 'pre, 'post) lens ->  
            ('pre, 'post, 'v) monad
```

No type classes at all (portable!), but with 6 type variables

# Code Generation without hassle, via MetaOCaml

*Generated from compare\_server*

```
val compare_server : th =
{code = .<
  let tmp_1 = {sh_arname = "/tmp/SHsh-0.fifo"; sh_name = "sh-0"} in
  let fd_2 = sock_accept tmp_1 in
  let x_3 = int_of_string (fd_read fd_2) in
  let x_4 = int_of_string (fd_read fd_2) in
  fd_write fd_2 string_of_bool (x_3 > x_4);
  fd_close fd_2;
  ()>. ;
  penv = (<abstr>, <abstr>)}
```

## MetaOCaml Code

```
let sh = new_unix_pipe "cmp"
let compare_server =
  accept sh @@ fun fd ->
  recv fd Int @@ fun x ->
  recv fd Int @@ fun y ->
  send fd Bool .< .~x > .~y >. @@
  finish
```

# A more elaborated example

*Branchings and loops, and session-type unification via row types*

```
let bakery fd =  
  branch fd  
    ["take_away", begin  
      recv fd Money @@ fun money ->  
      send fd Food .< humberger >. @@  
      finish  
    end;  
    "eat_in", begin  
      send fd Food .< humberger >. @@  
      recv fd Money @@ fun money ->  
      finish  
    end]  
end]
```

```
let bakery_customer fd =  
  select fd "take_away" @@  
  send fd Money .< Yen 100 >. @@  
  recv fd Food @@ fun food ->  
  finish
```



```
⊕ { take_away: !(money).?(food).end; 'rMeta15 }
```

Row variable

Unifiable via dualisation



```
& { eat_in: !(food).?(money).end;  
  take_away: ?(money).!(food).end; <> }
```

# Conclusions

A new method for embedding DSL with a sophisticated type system

- No type level programming
- No dependent of fancy types
- Maintaining static guarantees in meta-level, then generating code
- Detailed, understandable and customisable error messages

Thank you!